

Model 960



Features

- Low-Profile - 1.55"
- Thru-Bore or Hollow Bore Styles
- Industrial Grade, Heavy Duty Housing
- State-of-the-Art Opto-ASIC Circuitry

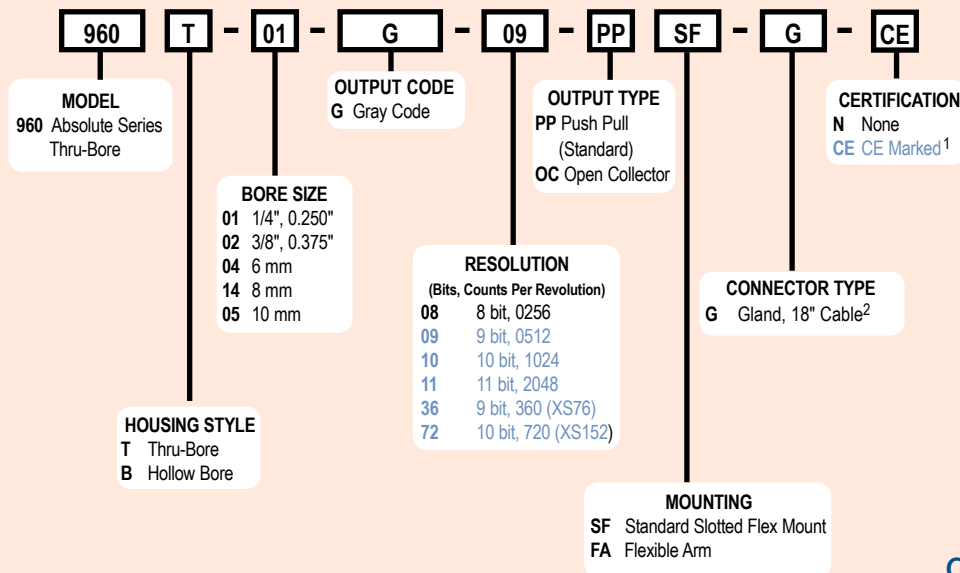
The single-turn Model 960 Absolute Series Accu-Coder™ provides a unique solution to a wide variety of industrial applications requiring absolute position information. By providing a low profile package of just 1.55", a variety of hollow and thru-bore sizes, and an easy to use flexible mounting system, the Model 960 goes where traditional absolute encodes do not fit. In addition, its innovative Opto-ASIC circuitry, coupled with its digital output, make it an excellent choice in those applications plagued by an unusually high level of electrical noise. The Model 960 can easily be mounted directly on a motor shaft, bringing the advantage of absolute positioning in an all metal housing while eliminating the fixtures, couplers and adapters required by other absolute encode designs.

Common Applications

Machine Tools, Robotics, Telescopes, Antennas, Rotary & X-Y Positioning Tables, Medical Scanners

Model 960 Ordering Guide

Blue type indicates price adder options. Not all configuration combinations may be available. Contact Customer Service for details.



For specification assistance call Customer Service at 1-800-366-5412

NOTES:

- 1 Please refer to Technical Bulletin TB100: *When to Choose the CE Option* at www.encoder.com.
- 2 For non-standard cable lengths, add a forward slash (/) plus cable length expressed in feet. Example: G/6 = 6 feet of cable.

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Model 960 Specifications

Electrical

- Input Voltage 4.75 to 26 VDC max
- Regulation..... 100 mV peak-to-peak, max ripple at 0 to 10 kHz
- Input Current..... 100 mA max with no external load
- Output Format Absolute- Parallel Outputs
- Output Type Open Collector- 20 mA max per channel
Push-Pull- 20 mA max per channel
- Code Gray Code, Excess Gray Code
- Max Frequency..... 25.6 kHz (LSB)
- Rise Time..... Less than 1 microsecond
- Resolution..... Up to 11 bit
- Accuracy..... ±1/2 LSB

Control

Directional Control... Field selectable for increasing counts (CW or CCW). Standard configuration user selects the applicable MSB wire for direction of count. Direction control option allows user to select count direction by applying 0 VDC to an encoder input. See *Absolute Wiring Tables* below.

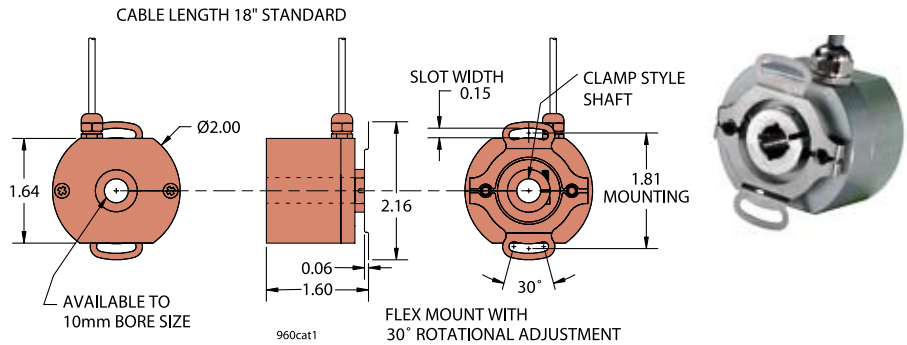
Mechanical

- Max Shaft Speed..... 6000 RPM continuous (CW or CCW)
- Bore Size 0.250", 0.3125", 0.375", 6 mm, 8 mm, 10 mm
- Bore Tolerance -0.0000" / +0.0006"
- User Shaft Tolerances
- Radial Runout..... 0.007"
- Axial Endplay..... ±0.030"
- Starting Torque 0.3 oz-in typical for thru-bore
0.14 oz-in typical for hollow bore
- Max Acceleration..... 1×10^5 rad/sec²
- Electrical Conn Gland with 18" cable (braid shield, 30 AWG conductors)
- Housing..... Aluminum with non-corrosive finish
- Mounting..... Slotted Flex Mount standard, Flex-Mount Arm optional
- Weight..... 7 oz typical

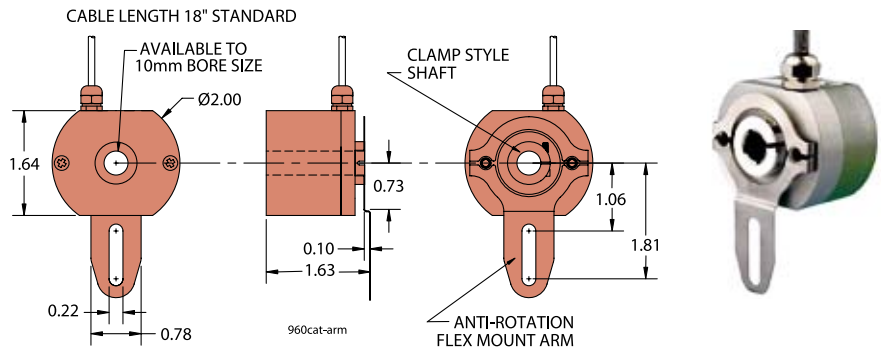
Environmental

- Operating Temp..... 0° to 70° C
- Storage Temp -20° to +85° C
- Humidity..... 98% RH non-condensing
- Vibration..... 10 g @ 58 to 500 Hz
- Shock..... 20 g @ 11 ms duration

Model 960 Slotted Flex Mount (SF)



Model 960 With Flex Arm (FA)



All dimensions are in inches with a tolerance of ±0.005" or ±0.01" unless otherwise specified

Wiring Table

| Function | Wire Color |
|---------------------|------------|
| Common | Black |
| +VDC | Red |
| S1 cw MSB | Brown |
| S1 ccw MSB | Yellow |
| S2 | White |
| S3 | Green |
| S4 | Orange |
| S5 | Blue |
| S6 | Violet |
| S7 | Gray |
| S8 LSB 8-bit | Pink |
| S9 LSB 9-bit | Red/Green |
| S10 LSB 10-bit | Red/Yellow |
| S11 LSB 11-bit | Turquoise |
| Direction Control** | Red/Blue |
| Case Ground* | Shield |

*CE Option Only

**Standard is CW increasing count (when viewed from shaft end, and using brown wire for MSB). Red/Blue is pulled up internally to 5 VDC. To reverse count direction, Red/Blue must be pulled low (0 VDC). If 5 VDC is applied to Red/Blue, unit remains in standard CW increasing count mode. Count direction can also be reversed by using the Yellow MSB wire instead of the Brown. At no time should voltage applied to Red/Blue exceed 5 VDC